



HAL
open science

A review of physically based models for soil erosion by water

Hoang Le Minh, Olivier Cerdan, Pierre Sochala, Bruno Cheviron, Olivier Brivois, Stéphane Cordier

► **To cite this version:**

Hoang Le Minh, Olivier Cerdan, Pierre Sochala, Bruno Cheviron, Olivier Brivois, et al.. A review of physically based models for soil erosion by water. EGU General Assembly 2010, May 2010, Vienne, Austria. pp.2823-2. hal-00533354

HAL Id: hal-00533354

<https://brgm.hal.science/hal-00533354v1>

Submitted on 5 Nov 2010

HAL is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers.

L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.



A review of physically based models for soil erosion by water

Minh-Hoang LE (1), Olivier Cerdan (1), Pierre Sochala (1), Bruno Cheviron (1), Olivier Brivois (1), and Stéphane Cordier (2)

(1) BRGM, ARN, France, (2) MAPMO, University of Orleans, France

Physically-based models rely on fundamental physical equations describing stream flow and sediment and associated nutrient generation in a catchment. This paper reviews several existing erosion and sediment transport approaches. The process of erosion include soil detachment, transport and deposition, we present various forms of equations and empirical formulas used when modelling and quantifying each of these processes. In particular, we detail models describing rainfall and infiltration effects and the system of equations to describe the overland flow and the evolution of the topography. We also present the formulas for the flow transport capacity and the erodibility functions. Finally, we present some recent numerical schemes to approach the shallow water equations and it's coupling with infiltration and erosion source terms.